

<u>Phenomenon</u>	<u>Preliminaries</u>
The speculative clause in Aguaruna expresses speaker's "lack of certainty" towards prejacent proposition (Overall 2018). It is marked by:	1. Quantification has a tripartite structure
 evidentiality suffix -tai in modality slot of main verb 	s I
 floating enclitic/suffix that marks focus of speculation: 	Operator Restrictor No
<i>=tsu</i> focuses NP or <i>subordinate clause</i>	
- tsa focuses matrix VP	2. Alternative semantics focus interpretat
	In interpreting focus at the level of a p (contrasting set) $\Gamma \subseteq \llbracket \alpha \rrbracket^{f}$
Problem	Γ is a variable with the type of a set of
Evidentiality morpheme -tai operates over the prejacent proposition which may contain a focused constituent: the domain of quantification	
interacts with focus. How do we model this interaction?	Data & Analysis
	(1) wainkámatai
<u>Solution (idea)</u>	waina-ka-ma <mark>-tai</mark> Sis
	see-PFV-RECPST:3-SPEC 's/he probably saw'
 Treat =tsu/-tsa as focus feature 	NP:s V
2. Analyze prejacent proposition as an <i>alternative semantics object</i> ,	0 see-P
which is a <i>set</i> rather than a point (c.f. <i>Rooth 1992</i>)	0 500-1
3. Model evidentiality morpheme -tai as operator over this object	
	(2) numín tsupíktaŋtsatai
	numi=na tsupi-ka-ta-ha-tsa-tai tree=ACC cut-PFV-IFUT-1SG-F _{SPEC} -SPE
	'I might cut wood'
	1 –
Aguaruna characterization	- r - f
 approx. 55,000 speakers in northern Peru (Marañon river valley) 	
 Chicham (Jivaroan) family 	(3) numinás tsupíktaŋtai
 SOV, nominative-accusative synthetic, agglutinative, suffixing 	numi=na =tsu tsupi-ka-ta-ha-tai tree=ACC =F_{SPEC} cut-PFV-IFUT-1SG-SPI
synthetic, agglutinative, sunning	'perhaps it's wood that I'll cut'
	- ľ
Template for Aguaruna finite verbal morphology:	
A B C D E F G	
ROOT VALENCY OBJECT ASPECT NEGATION TENSE SUBJECT MOOD	Value of operators toi - 20 20 Consulately
	Value of operator: -tai = λp. λC. Speculate(μ (C is an extra-linguistically determined anted

Speculative Clause in Aguaruna: Evidentiality meets Focus

Benjamin Rozonoyer (brozonoyer@brandeis.edu) Department of Linguistics, Brandeis University

